

SELF STORAGE FACILITY IN MACON, GA

3025 NAPIER AVE

FOR SALE \$250,000



INVESTMENT OVERVIEW

Price Reduced - Now \$250,000! Presenting 3025 Napier Avenue in the heart of Macon, GA! This facility was built in 1985 and offers 65 standard drive-up units with 8,125 +/- RSF. Included in the sale is a 2,000+/- RSF building that may have potential to be converted to climate-controlled storage. There may also be room on the 0.78 +/- acre parcel to add outdoor parking. (Potential expansion opportunities are subject to buyer verification).

This facility is surrounded by residential neighborhoods and businesses and enjoys easy access to US Hwy 41. Macon is known for its rich cultural heritage in music, history and architecture and is the "Cherry Blossom Capital of the World" and hosts the International Cherry Blossum Festival each spring. The Ocmulgee River runs through the city offering outdoor enthusiasts a variety of recreational activities such as fishing, kayaking and hiking. It is home to the Ocmulgee National Historical Park, a prehistoric Native American Indian site. Mercer University, one of the oldest universities in the south, is just one mile from the facility and creates an opportunity for students and faculty seeking transitional storage.

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MIDCOAST PROPERTIES, INC. | 7 HEYWARD PLACE | HILTON HEAD ISLAND, SC 29928 | 843.342.7650

PROPERTY INFORMATION

Street Address	3025 Napier Ave
City State Zip	Macon, GA 31204
County	Bibb
APN	O073-0146
Lot Size	0.78 Acres +/-
Zoning	C-2
Population Density (5 Miles)*	94,264
Avg. HH Income (5 Miles)*	\$62,438
Grounds	Asphalt; Concrete
Facility Expansion	Yes
Land for Purchase	No

*DEMOGRAPHICS DATA DERIVED FROM 2020 AMERICAN COMMUNITY SURVEY (ACS)

FACILITY INFORMATION

Number of Buildings	4
Total Building RSF	10,125 RSF
RSF Notation	Per Seller
Exterior Finish	Metal
Interior Finish	Metal
Year Built	1985
Total # of Units	66



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CONFIDENTIALITY & DISCLAIMER

Midcoast Properties, Inc. is the agent of the Seller and its associated state licensees as subagents (together referred to as "Broker") represent the seller. Except as indicated herein, no other parties are or will become agent of or for the Seller in the contemplated transaction. Broker will not employ any subagents unless such agents are employed by Broker's real estate firm. Offers to buy or sell this property can only be made through the listing agent identified herein.

All materials and information received or derived from Midcoast Properties, Inc., LLC its directors, officers, agents, advisors, affiliates and/or any third party sources are provided without representation or warranty as to completeness, veracity, or accuracy, condition of the property, compliance or lack of compliance with applicable governmental requirements, developability or suitability, financial performance of the property, projected financial performance of the property for any party's intended use or any and all other matters.

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EACH PARTY SHALL CONDUCT ITS OWN INDEPENDENT INVESTIGATION AND DUE DILIGENCE.

Any party contemplating or under contract or in escrow for a transaction is urged to verify all information and to conduct their own inspections and investigations including through appropriate third party independent professionals selected by such party. All financial data should be verified by the party including by obtaining and reading applicable documents and reports and consulting appropriate independent professionals. Midcoast Properties, Inc., LLC makes no warranties and/or representations regarding the veracity, completeness, or relevance of any financial data or assumptions. Midcoast Properties, Inc., LLC does not serve as a financial advisor to any party regarding any proposed transaction. All data and assumptions regarding financial performance, including that used for financial modeling purposes, may differ from actual data or performance. Any estimates of market rents and/or projected rents that may be provided to a party do not necessarily mean that rents can be established at or increased to that level. Parties must evaluate any applicable contractual and governmental limitations as well as market conditions, vacancy factors and other issues in order to determine rents from or for the property.

Legal questions should be discussed by the party with an attorney. Tax questions should be discussed by the party with a certified public accountant or tax attorney. Title questions should be discussed by the party with a title officer or attorney. Questions regarding the condition of the property and whether the property complies with applicable governmental requirements should be discussed by the party with appropriate engineers, architects, contractors, other consultants and governmental agencies. All properties and services are marketed by Midcoast Properties, Inc., LLC in compliance with all applicable fair housing and equal opportunity laws.

INSTRUCTIONS

ALL PROPERTY TOURS MUST BE ARRANGED AT LEAST 48 HOURS IN ADVANCE AND ONLY WITH THE PRIOR APPROVAL OF THE BROKER. WE ASK THAT YOU DO NOT DISTURB THE ON-SITE PERSONNEL. ALL INQUIRIES SHOULD BE DIRECTED TO THE LEAD BROKER DOCUMENTED.

Please sign and return the appropriate pages of the agency disclosure document found at the end of the OM.

Offers should be submitted in the form of a Letter of Intent (LOI) and should include, at a minimum, Offering Price, Earnest Money Deposit, Due Diligence Time Period, Closing Period, and any substantial conditions or terms.

MIDCOAST PROPERTIES, INC.

AL #106364-0
GA #H45199
NC #C12481
SC #7889

DALE C. EISENMAN

AL #106084-0
GA #253682
NC #198276
SC # 9207

HAL H. TANNER, III

GA #407685
NC #318611
SC #119135

KRIS KNOWLES

AL #132605-0
GA #379664

MARY SCHUETTE

NC #193025





DEDICATED *to serving*
OWNERS *and* **INVESTORS**

TRUSTED - EXPERIENCED - PROFESSIONAL

Midcoast Properties has built a reputation based on **TRUST** since 2000, enabling us to effectively represent the best interests of our clients. Our focus on self storage and our national reach maximizes exposure for our clients.

Our clients turn to us for our **EXPERIENCE** and guidance on how to maximize the value of their operations and their transactions. Let us help you prepare for the future.

Our **PROFESSIONALISM** and unique personal approach enables our team to best represent your interests.

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The ABC's of Agency: Understanding Real Estate Brokerage Relationships in Georgia



2024 Printing

Real estate brokers are licensed professionals trained to help consumers buy, sell, or lease real property. They often perform their duties through affiliated licensees who are commonly referred to as real estate agents. Except where the context might indicate otherwise, in this brochure the term “broker” shall include broker’s affiliated licensees. The business relationship between real estate brokers and consumers can take many forms, each of which is called a brokerage relationship. This brochure describes the types of brokerage relationships most commonly offered by real estate brokers. Hopefully, the brochure will make it easier for consumers to make informed choices on how best to work with a real estate broker. It should be noted that real estate brokers are not required to offer all of the brokerage relationships described in this brochure. Instead, each real estate broker is free to decide which of these relationships he or she will offer.

Real Estate Brokerage Generally. As a general rule, only licensed real estate brokers can be paid a fee to help consumers buy, sell, or lease property. Many brokers have licensed real estate salespersons, commonly known as real estate agents, who act on behalf of the broker in helping consumers buy, sell, or lease property. While real estate agents can be employees of the real estate broker, most act as independent contractors. Real estate brokers often incorporate or set themselves up as limited liability companies or partnerships. All brokerage firms, however, are required to have a qualifying broker. In the majority of real estate transactions, the consumer interacts only with his or her real estate agent and not the real estate broker. The real estate broker in those instances works behind the scenes to solve problems and support, supervise and assist his or her agents.

Clients vs. Customer. Customer in Brokerage Relationships. All brokerage relationships fall into one of two broad categories: (a) broker-client relationships; and (b) broker-customer relationships. In a broker-client relationship, the real estate broker is representing the client and is acting as his or her legal agent in buying, selling, or leasing property. In Georgia, a broker-client relationship can only be formed by the parties entering into a written agreement. The agreement must explain, among other things, how the broker will be paid, the duty of the broker to keep client confidences, and the types of client or agency relationships offered by the broker.

The other type of brokerage relationship is known as a broker-customer relationship. With this type of relationship, the broker is not representing the customer in a legal or agency capacity. However, the broker can still work with the customer and help him or her by performing what are known as ministerial acts. These include, for example, identifying property for sale or lease, providing pre-printed real estate form contracts, preparing real estate contracts at the direction of the customer, and locating lenders, inspectors, and closing attorneys on behalf of the customer. The different types of brokerage relationships within each of these categories are discussed below.

Broker-Client Relationships:

(a) **Seller Agency/Landlord Agency:** Seller agency occurs when the real estate broker is representing the seller in selling his or her property. This type of brokerage relationship is created by the seller and the broker entering into a written contract known as a seller brokerage engagement agreement – also sometimes known as a listing agreement. The seller brokerage engagement agreement gives the broker, commonly referred to as the seller’s broker the right to market the property for sale at a specific price and for a defined period of time. If the broker is successful in finding a buyer ready, willing, and able to purchase the property, the broker would normally be paid a fee or commission upon the closing of the transaction. This fee or commission is often shared with other real estate brokers, under what are known as cooperative brokerage agreements, if they or their agents find the buyer. Seller agency is also sometimes called listing agency. Landlord agency is different from seller agency in that the Manager or listing broker is assisting the property owner in leasing and/or managing rather than selling property.

(b) **Buyer Agency/Tenant Agency:** Buyer agency occurs when the real estate broker represents the buyer in locating and assisting the buyer in negotiating for the purchase of property suitable to the buyer. A buyer agency is created when the buyer enters into an agreement commonly known as a buyer brokerage engagement agreement. A real estate broker can be compensated by one party yet represent another party. Therefore, in some buyer brokerage engagement agreements, the fee or commission received by the buyer’s broker is actually a portion of the fee or commission paid by the seller to the seller’s broker. In these situations, the seller also agrees that the seller’s broker will share the commission or fee with any buyer’s broker who finds a buyer ready, willing and able to purchase the property. With some buyer brokerage engagement agreements, the buyer pays a fee or commission directly to his or her broker. Buyer agency is sometimes referred to as buyer brokerage. Tenant agency is different from buyer agency in that the broker is representing a consumer who is seeking to lease rather than purchase property.

(c) Designated Agency: In some real estate transactions, the real estate agent representing the buyer and the real estate agent representing the seller both work for the same broker or brokerage firm. In such a transaction, the broker may allow each agent to exclusively represent their respective clients. This type of brokerage relationship is known as designated agency. In a designated agency transaction, the designated agent for the buyer owes the same duties to the buyer as if the agent was acting only as a buyer's agent. Similarly, the designated agent for the seller owes the same duties to the seller as if the agent was acting only as the seller's agent. With designated agency, each designated agent is prohibited from disclosing to anyone other than his or her broker any information requested to be kept confidential by the client unless the information is otherwise required to be disclosed by law. Therefore, designated agents may not disclose such confidential information to other agents in the company. The broker is also prohibited from revealing any confidential information he or she has received from one designated agent to the other designated agent, unless the information is otherwise required to be disclosed by law. Confidential information is defined as any information that could harm the client's negotiating position which information the client has not consented to be disclosed. In Georgia, designated agency is defined by state statute not to be dual agency.

(d) Dual Agency: Georgia law allows both parties to agree to have one agent or broker represent them in a real estate transaction at the same time. In other words, the agent or broker has a client relationship with all parties to the transaction without acting in a designated agency capacity. In these situations, neither party is exclusively represented by a designated real estate agent. This type of brokerage relationship is called "dual agency".

Georgia law allows real estate brokers to act as dual agents if they first get the written consent of both parties. The written consent must contain the following: (1) a description of the types of transactions in which the licensee will serve as a dual agent; (2) a statement that as a dual agent, the licensee represents two clients whose interests could be different or even adverse; (3) a statement that the dual agent will disclose all adverse material facts regarding the transaction known to the dual agent to all parties to the transaction except for information that is made confidential by request of another client and that is not allowed or required by law to be disclosed; (4) a statement that the licensee will disclose to each client in the transaction the nature of any material relationship the licensee or his or her broker have with other clients in the transaction other than incidental to the transaction; (5) a statement that the client does not have to consent to the dual agency; and (6) a statement that the client's consent has been given voluntarily and that the client has read and understood the brokerage engagement agreement. This special consent is required because of the potential for conflicts of interest in dual agency transactions.

(e) Subagency: Subagency occurs when one real estate broker is appointed by another real estate broker as a subagent to assist the broker in performing its duties. In a typical Subagency transaction, a seller's broker practicing Subagency might appoint the broker working with the buyer as his or her subagent. The broker acting as the subagent would work with the buyer but would represent the seller. The buyer then would be unrepresented in the transaction and both brokers (and their affiliated licensees) would be representing the seller. Subagency relationships between real estate brokers in Georgia, while once the norm, are much less common today.

Broker-Customer Relationships:

(a) Transaction Brokerage: A transaction brokerage relationship is one in which a real estate broker or brokers assists both parties in a real estate transaction but does not enter into a client relationship with, nor represents, either party. In a transaction brokerage relationship, the broker treats both parties as customers and can only perform ministerial acts for either party, including the following: (1) identifying property; (2) providing real estate statistics and information of property; (3) providing preprinted real estate form contracts; (4) acting as a scribe in the preparation of form contracts; (5) locating relevant professionals, such as architects, engineers, surveyors, inspectors, lenders, insurance agents, and attorneys; and (6) identifying facilities such as schools, shopping centers, and places of worship.

(b) Brokers May Help Parties Other Than Their Clients: Brokers who represent one party in a real estate transaction as a client can still help the other party in the transaction by performing ministerial duties for the other party (of the type described under transaction brokerage section). When a real estate broker works with a party as a customer or client, the broker may not knowingly give the party false information.

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